

◆ **Exercice 1. Homotopy Invariance.** The objective is to (re)prove that singular homology is homotopy invariant.

1. Let  $F, G: \mathcal{C} \rightarrow Ch_\varepsilon(R)$  be two functors that are acyclic and free relative to the models  $\mathcal{M}$ . Show that the natural transformations  $\tau: F \rightarrow G$  and  $\sigma: G \rightarrow F$  provided by the acyclic models Theorem consist of homotopy equivalences  $\tau_X$  and  $\sigma_X$  for any  $X \in \mathcal{C}$ .
2. Let  $X$  be a non-empty space. We write  $i_k(X)$  for the inclusions  $X \rightarrow X \times I$  given by  $x \mapsto (x, k)$  with  $k = 0, 1$ . Show that there exists a chain homotopy  $h(X)$  between  $i_0(X)_\bullet$  and  $i_1(X)_\bullet$ , the maps induced by the inclusions on singular chain complexes.
3. With the same notation as above, prove that, for any map  $f: X \rightarrow Y$  the two morphisms  $(f \times Id_I)_\bullet \circ h(X)$  and  $h(Y) \circ f_\bullet$  are equal.
4. Prove that two homotopic maps  $f, g: X \rightarrow Y$  induce the same map in homology  $H_*(-; R)$ .
5. Prove the relative version of this statement (depending on the time, give only a sketch of the proof).

◆ **Exercice 2. Induced and coinduced modules.** Let  $G$  be a group and  $A$  any abelian group. Recall that the induced module  $\text{Ind } A$  is  $\mathbb{Z}G \otimes_{\mathbb{Z}} A$  and the coinduced module  $\text{CoInd } A = \text{Hom}_{\mathbb{Z}}(\mathbb{Z}G, A)$  with  $G$  acting on the left on  $\mathbb{Z}G$ .

1. Show that  $H^n(G; -)$  vanishes on coinduced modules and that  $H_n(G; -)$  vanishes on induced modules for  $n \geq 1$ .
2. Let  $\partial_{g,a}: \mathbb{Z}G \rightarrow A$  denote the homomorphism that sends  $g$  to  $a$  and any other group element to zero. Construct a  $G$ -equivariant homomorphism  $\text{Ind } A \rightarrow \text{CoInd } A$  and prove it is injective.
3. Let  $G$  be a finite group. Show that the map constructed in 2. is surjective.
4. Let  $G$  be a finite group. Conclude that  $H^n(G; -)$  vanishes on induced modules for  $n \geq 1$ .

**Remark.** This second exercise complements and maybe clarifies Exercise 2 on Sheet 7.

◆ indicates the weekly assignments, designed for a 20-25 minute long presentation by a group of two.